What should I know about pneumococcal disease?

You may have heard of pneumonia, which has many different causes. Infection with common bacteria found in the back of the nose and throat can be one of the causes for pneumonia. Infection with these bacteria can cause different types of diseases, including:



- Pneumonia (noo-moh-nyah): Infection in the lungs
- Meningitis (men-in-ji-tis): Infection in the lining of the brain and spinal cord
- Bacteremia (bak-tuh-ree-mee-uh): Infection in the blood

Some of the diseases described above may be associated with fever and cough. These bacteria can also cause a common but less severe ear infection.

Am I at risk?

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), people in the following groups are at increased risk for pneumococcal disease. Check the box(es) that apply to you:

- Heart disease
- Diabetes
- Lung disease
- □ Kidney disease
- Receiving medication or radiation treatment that affects the immune system
- □ HIV/AIDS
- Sickle cell disease (a certain blood disorder)

- Whose spleen has been removed or does not work
- Certain types of cancer
- Organ or bone marrow transplant
- Liver disease
- Alcoholism
- Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) leaks (leakage of the fluid surrounding the brain and spinal cord).

HIV=human immunodeficiency virus; AIDS=acquired immunodeficiency syndrome

If you are in any of the above groups, you may be at increased risk for pneumococcal disease. Talk to your health care professional about your specific risk.

YES, I want more information about pneumococcal disease.
NO, I do not need information about pneumococcal disease at this time.

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